(c) the extent to which these steps have helped to solve the Sri Lankan Tamil ethnic problem?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI KHURSHED ALAM KHAN): (a) The Sri Lanka President Mr. J. R. Jayewardene paid a visit to New Delhi from the 1st to 3rd June, 1985 at the invitation of the Prime Minister. Both sides agreed that immediate steps needed to be taken to defuse the ethnic situation and create a proper climate for progress towards a political settlement acceptable to all concerned. It was also agreed that all forms of violence should abate and finally cease and every effort would be made for restoration of normalcy in the Northern and Eastern Provinces, which would be conducive to the return of Sri Lanka refugees from India to Sri Lanka.

(b) Following the Summit meeting, discussions were held on June 15 and 16 between a team of Sri Lankan legal experts led by Mr. H. Wj. Jayewardene (brother of the Sri Lankan President) and the Attorney-General of India. During these discussions various Constitutional and legal aspects of the Sri Lanka Constitution were examined. The discussions were exploratory in nature, and were useful.

(c) These steps have helped in improving the climate for progress towards a political solution. On June 18 the Sri Lanka Government announced a cessation of hostilities between security forces and the Tamil militants. Later on July 8 talks were begun in Thimphu between a Sri Lanka Government delegation on the one hand and representatives of the TULF and Tamil militants organization on the other.

Sarfearia Commission

363. SHRI L. GANESAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) when the Sarkaria Commission was constituted;

(b) the money spent so far for meeting the expenses of the Commission;

(c) what had been the attitude of each State Government towards the Commission; and

(d) by when the Commission is expected to submit its report?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI RAM DULARI SINHA): (a) and (b) The Commission was set up on June 9, 1983 and the expenditure incurred on the Commission upto June, 30, 1985 has been Rs. 56.92 lakhs.

(c) The attitude of the State Governments has by and large been positive and helpful.

(d) The term of the Commission has been extended upto June 30, 1986 by which date it expects to submit its report,

.. Restriction on Foreign Tourists visiting Sikkim

364. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR:

SHRI S. W. DHABE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

(a) whether there are any restrictions on foreign tourists visiting Sikkim, if so, tlie detailg thereof;

(b) what are the reasons for these •restrictions; and

(c) how many people have applied for the permission and actually permitted during the last three yealrs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI RAM DULART SINHA): (a) and (b) Sikkim is a

protected area under the Foreigners (Protected Areas) Order, 1958. Foreign, tourists are, however, permitted to visit Gangtok, Rumtek and Phodang on individual basis for a period oif, seven days. Organised groups of foreign tourists sponsored by recognised Indian Travel agencies are permitted to go for trekking to Zongri area jn West Sikkim for 15 days subject to attachment of a liaison officer from Government of Sikkim all through. It has also been decided to permit such organised groups upto 20 to visit Pemayangtse for tourism for two days. These restrictions are necessary in view of the prevailing security climate.

(c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Cleaning of Ganga from Pollution

366. PROF. Gjj LAKSHMANNA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of the provision made if any in the Seventh Five Year Plan to clean the river Ganga; and

(b) by when the work is likely to commence?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI VIR SEN): a) *A,n* outlay of Rs. 80 crores has beer agreed to by the Planning Commission during the Seventh Five Year Plan Period for the Ganga Action Plan.

(b) Some steps have already been taken,

Five-Star and Three-Star hotels in Delhi

366. SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a,) the number of five 'Star and tldree star hotels constructed in the public secto, in the capital during the period from January 1982 to January 1985;

(b) whether these hotels are viable units and running at a profit; and

(c) if so, what is the profit earned by these hotels during the year 19C2-83, 1983-84. 1984-85?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) During the period from January, 1982 to January, 1985 two- fiive-star and one three-star hotels were constructed in the pub-lice sector in the capital.

Ob) and (c) The net profit and loss in respect of these hotels are given below:—

(*Rs. in lakhs*)

Name of the Hotel	Net profit/Net loss		
	1982-83	1983-84	19 84-8
1. Hotel Samrat (5-star)	(–)70.89	(—)206.67	(—)125.95
2. Hotel Kanishka (3-star)	(–)24.11	51.10	44.22
3. Centaur Hotel (5-star)	(–)131.41	(–)305.22	(–)334.21